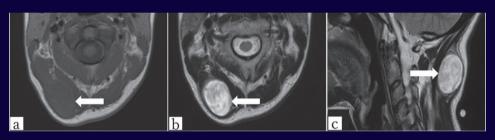
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Official Journal of the Turkish Otorhinolaryngology Head and Neck Surgery Society



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Erwin OFFECIERS

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Metin ÖNERCİ

Department of Otorhinolaryngology, Hacettepe University School of Medicine, Ankara, Turkey

Ferhan ÖZ

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Levent Naci ÖZLÜOĞLU

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Clark A. ROSEN

Department of Otorhinolaryngology-Head and Neck Surgery, University of Pittsburgh Voice Center, University of Pittsburgh School of Medicine, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, USA

Levent SENNAROĞLU

Department of Otolaryngology, Hacettepe University School of Medicine, Ankara, Turkey

Christian SITTEL

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Muaaz TARABICHI

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Cem UZUN

Department of Otorhinolaryngology, School of Medicine, Trakya University, Edirne, Turkey

Peak WOO

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Sertaç YETİŞER

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Department of Otorhinolaryngology, School of Medicine, Karabük University, Karabük, Turkey

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Department of Otorhinolaryngology, School of Medicine, Hacettepe University, Ankara, Turkey



Aims and Scope

The Turkish Archives of Otorhinolaryngology (Turk Arch Otorhinolaryngol) is the scientific, peer-reviewed, open-access journal of the Turkish Otorhinolaryngology-Head and Neck Surgery Society since 2001. The journal comprises four issues as March, June, September and December in a volume, and it is published quarterly every year. The journal's publication language is English.

The aim of the journal is to publish qualified original clinical, experimental and basic researches on ear, nose, throat, head and neck diseases and surgery, reviews that contain sufficient amount of source data conveying the experiences of experts in a particular field, case reports, video articles and original images of rare clinical pictures which would shed light on the clinical practice and which were not previously published, letters from the readers and experts concerning the published studies, articles about general practice and subject of the journal with historical content, memories of scientific significance, educative and catechetical manuscripts about medical deontology and publication ethics.

The target audience of the journal includes academic members, specialists, residents and other relevant health care professionals in the field of ear, nose, throat, and head and neck disorders and surgery.

The editorial and publication processes of the journal are shaped in accordance with the guidelines of the International Committee of Medical Journal Editors (ICMJE), World Association of Medical Editors (WAME), Council of Science Editors (CSE), Committee on Publication Ethics (COPE), European Association of Science Editors (EASE), and National Information Standards Organization (NISO). The journal is in conformity with the Principles of Transparency and Best Practice in Scholarly Publishing.

Turkish Archives of Otorhinolaryngology is indexed in PubMed, PubMed Central, Web of Science (Emerging Sources Citation Index), ULAKBIM TR Index, EBSCO, GALE, CINAHL, J-Gate and ProQuest.

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Contact

Editor in Chief: Taner Kemal Erdağ

Address: Çobançeşme Sanayi Cad. No:11 Nish İstanbul A Blok D: 8 Yenibosna, İstanbul, Turkey

Phone: +90 212 234 44 81 Fax: +90 212 234 44 83

E-mail: info@turkarchotolaryngol.net

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Address: Molla Gürani Mah. Kaçamak Sok. 21/1 Fındıkzade, Fatih,

Istanbul, Turkey

Phone: +90 212 621 99 27
Fax: +90 212 217 22 92
E-mail: info@galenos.com.tr
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CONTEXT

The Turkish Archives of Otorhinolaryngology (Turk Arch Otorhinolaryngol) is a scientific, open access periodical published by independent, unbiased, and double-blinded peer-review principles. The journal is the official publication of the Turkish Otorhinolaryngology Head and Neck Surgery Society, and published quarterly in March, June, September and December. The publication language of the journal is English.

The aim of the journal is to publish qualified original clinical, experimental and basic research on ear, nose, throat, head and neck diseases and surgery, reviews that contain a sufficient amount of source data conveying the experiences of experts in a particular field, case reports and original images of rare clinical pictures which would shed light on the clinical practice and which were not previously published, letters from the readers and experts concerning the published studies, articles about general practice and subject of the journal with historical content, memories of scientific significance, educative and catechetical manuscripts about medical deontology and publication ethics.

EDITORIAL AND PUBLICATION PROCESS

The editorial and publication process of the Turkish Archives of Otorhinolaryngology are shaped in accordance with the guidelines of the International Committee of Medical Journal Editors (ICMJE), World Association of Medical Editors (WAME), Council of Science Editors (CSE), Committee on Publication Ethics (COPE), European Association of Science Editors (EASE), and National Information Standards Organization (NISO). The journal is in conformity with the Principles of Transparency and Best Practice in Scholarly Publishing.

Originality, high scientific quality, and citation potential are the most important criteria for a manuscript to be accepted for publication. Manuscripts submitted for evaluation should not have been previously presented or already published in an electronic or printed medium. The journal should be informed of manuscripts that have been submitted to another journal for evaluation and rejected for publication. The submission of previous reviewer reports will expedite the evaluation process. Manuscripts presented in a meeting should be submitted with detailed information on the organization, including the name, date, and location of the organization.

PEER REVIEW PROCESS

Manuscripts submitted to the Turkish Archives of Otorhinolaryngology will go through a double-blind peer-review process. Each submission will be reviewed by at least two external, independent peer reviewers who are experts in their fields in order to ensure an unbiased evaluation process. The editorial board will invite an external and independent editor to manage the evaluation processes of manuscripts submitted by editors or by the editorial board members of the journal. The Editor in Chief is the final authority in the decision-making process for all submissions. For more detailed information, please read Ethical Policy page of the Journal.

Preprint

The Turkish Archives of Otorhinolaryngology does not consider preprint publications as prior publications. In other words, authors are allowed to present and discuss their findings on a non-commercial preprint server before submission to a journal.

Authors must provide the journal with the preprint server deposition of their article accompanying its DOI during initial submission. If the article is published in the Turkish Archives of Otorhinolaryngology, it is the responsibility of the authors to update the archived preprint and link it to the published version of the article.

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Each person listed as an author should fulfil the authorship criteria recommended by the International Committee of Medical Journal Editors. The ICMJE recommends that authorship is based on the following four criteria:

Substantial contributions to the conception or design of the work; or the acquisition, analysis, or interpretation of data for the work; AND

Drafting the work or revising it critically for important intellectual content; AND

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The Turkish Archives of Otorhinolaryngology reviews the authorship according to the author's declaration in the Title Page; thus, it is the authors' responsibility to send the final order of the complete author names. Requests in the change of authorship (e.g. removal/addition of the authors, change in the order etc.) after submission are subject to editorial approval. Editorial Board will investigate these kind of cases and act following COPE flowcharts.

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- Abstract divided into appropriate sections,
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The presentation of the article types must be designed in accordance with trial reporting guidelines:

Human research: Helsinki Declaration as revised in 2013

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Systematic reviews and meta-analyses: PRISMA guidelines

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ICMJE Potential Conflict of Interest Disclosure Form (should be filled in by all contributing authors) during the initial submission. These forms are available for download at turkarchotolaryngol.net.

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Title page: A separate title page should be submitted with all submissions, and this page should include:

The full title of the manuscript, as well as a short title (running head) of no more than 50 characters,

Name(s), affiliations, highest academic degree(s), and ORCID IDs of the author(s),

Grant information and detailed information on the other sources of support,

Name, address, telephone (including the mobile phone number), and e-mail address of the corresponding author,

Acknowledgement of the individuals who contributed to the preparation of the manuscript but who do not fulfil the authorship criteria.

Abstract: An abstract should be submitted with all submissions except for Letters to the Editor. The abstract of Original Articles should be structured with subheadings (Objective, Methods, Results, and Conclusion). Please check Table 1 below for word count specifications.

Keywords: Each submission must be accompanied by a minimum of four to a maximum of eight keywords for subject indexing at the end of the abstract. The keywords should be listed in full without abbreviations.

The keywords should be selected from the National Library of Medicine, Medical Subject Headings database.

Main Points: All submissions except letters to the editor and clinical images should be accompanied by 3 to 5 "main points" which should emphasize the most noteworthy results of the study and underline the principle message that is addressed to the reader. This section should be structured as itemized to give a general overview of the article. Since "Main Points" target the experts and specialists of the field, each item should be written as plain and straightforward as possible.

Manuscript Types

Original Articles: This is the most essential type of article since it provides new information based on original research. The main text of original articles should be structured with Introduction, Methods, Results, Discussion, and Conclusion subheadings. Please check Table 1 for the limitations for Original Articles.

Statistical analysis to support conclusions is usually necessary. Statistical analyses must be conducted in accordance with international statistical reporting standards (Altman DG, Gore SM, Gardner MJ, Pocock SJ. Statistical guidelines for contributors to medical journals. Br Med J 1983: 7; 1489-93). Information on statistical analyses should be provided with a separate subheading under the Methods section, and the statistical software that was used during the process must be specified.

Units should be prepared in accordance with the International System of Units (SI).

Clinical Trials

Turkish Archives of Otorhinolaryngology adopts the ICMJE's clinical trial registration policy, which requires that clinical trials must be registered in a publicly accessible registry that is a primary register of the WHO International Trials Registry Platform (ICTRP) or in ClinicalTrials.gov.

Instructions for the clinical trials are listed below:

A clinical trial registry is only required for the prospective research projects that study the relationship between a health-related intervention and an outcome by assigning people.

To have their manuscript evaluated in the journal, the author should register their research to a public registry at or before the time of first patient enrollment.

Based on most up to date ICMJE recommendations, the Turkish Archives of Otorhinolaryngology accepts public registries that include a minimum acceptable 24-item trial registration dataset.

Authors are required to state a data sharing plan for the clinical trial registration. Please see details under "Data Sharing" section.

For further details, please check ICMJE Clinical Trial Policy.

Data Sharing

As of 1 January 2019, a data-sharing statement is required for the registration of clinical trials. Authors are required to provide a data

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Instructions to Authors

sharing statement for the articles that reports the results of a clinical trial. The data sharing statement should indicate the items below according to the ICMJE data sharing policy:

Whether individual de-identified participant data will be shared

What data, in particular, will be shared

Whether additional, related documents will be available

When the data will be available, and for how long

By what access criteria will be shared

Authors are recommended to check the ICMJE data sharing examples at http://www.icmje.org/recommendations/browse/publishing-and-editorial-issues/clinical-trial-registration.html

While submitting a clinical trial to Turkish Archives of Otorhinolaryngology:

Authors are required to make registration to a publicly accessible registry according to ICMJE recommendations and the instructions above.

The name of the registry and the registration number should be provided in the Title Page during the initial submission.

Data sharing statement should also be stated on the Title Page even the authors do not plan to share it.

The clinical trial and data sharing policy of the journal will be valid for the articles submitted from 1 January 2021.

Editorial Comments: Editorial comments aim to provide a brief critical commentary by reviewers with expertise or with a high reputation in the topic of the research article published in the journal. Authors are selected and invited by the journal to provide such comments. Abstract, Keywords, Tables, Figures, Images, and other media are not included.

Review / Systematic Review Articles: Reviews prepared by authors who have extensive knowledge on a particular field and whose scientific background has been translated into a high volume of publications with a high citation potential are welcomed. These authors may even be invited by the journal. Reviews should describe, discuss, and evaluate the current level of knowledge of a topic in clinical practice and should guide future studies. The main text should contain Introduction, Clinical and Research Consequences, and Conclusion sections. While submitting your Review, please confirm that your manuscript is a systematic review and include a statement that researchers have followed the PRISMA guidelines.

Please check Table 1 for the limitations for Review / Systematic Review Articles.

Video Article: Videos should be up to 30 minutes in duration. The video must include audio narration explaining the procedure. All text and audio in the video must be in English. Audio must include narration in clear, grammatically correct English. Videos must be clear, in focus, and without excessive camera movement. Radiographs and other material must not contain any patient-identifiable information. Limited number

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- 2) Title Page
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In order to provide reviewers with a convenient method of accessing video content online, we have restricted video file types to mp4, webM and Ogg format. This allows reviewers to view video content easily from all modern browser types without the inconvenience of downloading plug-ins and video players.

Mp4 is the most common online video format, and there are many converters available that will convert other file types to Mp4.

We can recommend using this free online converter to create a suitable mp4 file.

Video file size is limited to 50 Mbytes, and we suggest reducing file size for quicker upload times using this service Compress Mp4.

Please check Table 1 for the limitations for Video Article.

Case Reports: There is limited space for case reports in the journal and reports on rare cases or conditions that constitute challenges in diagnosis and treatment, those offering new therapies or revealing knowledge not included in the literature, and interesting and educative case reports are accepted for publication. The text should include Introduction, Case Presentation, Discussion, and Conclusion subheadings. Please check Table 1 for the limitations for Case Reports.

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Tables should be included in the main document, presented after the reference list, and they should be numbered consecutively in the order they are referred to within the main text. A descriptive title must be placed above the tables. Abbreviations used in the tables should be defined below the tables by footnotes (even if they are defined within the main text). Tables should be created using the "insert table" command of the word processing software, and they should be arranged clearly to provide easy reading. Data presented in the tables should not be a repetition of the data presented within the main text but should be supporting the main text.

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All references, tables, and figures should be referred to within the main text, and they should be numbered consecutively in the order they are referred to within the main text.

Limitations, drawbacks, and shortcomings of original articles should be mentioned in the Discussion section before the conclusion paragraph.

References

Both in-text citations and references must be prepared according to the Vancouver style.

While citing publications, preference should be given to the latest, most up-to-date publications. Authors are responsible for the accuracy of references. If an ahead-of-print publication is cited, the DOI number should be provided. Journal titles should be abbreviated in accordance with the journal abbreviations in Index Medicus/ MEDLINE/PubMed. When there are six or fewer authors, all authors should be listed. If there are seven or more authors, the first six authors should be listed, followed by "et al." In the main text of the manuscript, references should be cited using Arabic numbers in parentheses. The reference styles for different types of publications are presented in the following examples.

Turkish Archives of Otorhinolaryngology does not acknowledge citations to preprints since preprints yet have not passed the reviewers' evaluation process and verified by experts in the field.

Journal Article: Erkul E, Cekin İE, Kurt O, Gungor A, Babayigit MA. Evaluation of patients with unilateral endoscopic sinus surgery. Turk Arch Otorhinolaryngol 2012; 50: 41-5.

Book Section: Suh KN, Keystone JS. Malaria and babesiosis. Gorbach

Table 1. Limitations for each manuscript type

Type of manuscript	Author limit	Word limit	Abstract word limit	Reference limit	Table limit	Figure limit
Original Article	N/A	3500	250 (Structured)	30	6	5 or total of 10 images
Review Article	4	5000	250	50	6	10 or total of 15 images
Systematic Review	N/A	5000	250 (Structured)	50	2	10 or total of 15 images
Video Article	N/A	1500	250 (Structured)	106	2	2
Case Report	6	1000	200	10	No tables	4 or total of 8 images
Letter to the Editor	3	500	No abstract	5	No tables	No media
Clinical Images	3	500	No abstract	5	No tables	3 or total of 7 images

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Instructions to Authors

SL, Barlett JG, Blacklow NR, editors. Infectious Diseases. Philadelphia: Lippincott Williams; 2004.p.2290-308.

Books with a Single Author: Sweetman SC. Martindale the complete drug reference. 34th ed. London: Pharmaceutical Press; 2005.

Editor(s) as Author: Huizing EH, de Groot JAM, editors. Functional reconstructive nasal surgery. Stuttgart-New York: Thieme; 2003.

Conference Proceedings: Bengisson S. Sothemin BG. Enforcement of data protection, privacy and security in medical informatics. In: Lun KC, Degoulet P, Piemme TE, Rienhoff O, editors. MEDINFO 92.

Proceedings of the 7th World Congress on Medical Informatics; 1992 Sept 6-10; Geneva, Switzerland. Amsterdam: North-Holland; 1992. pp.1561-5.

Scientific or Technical Report: Cusick M, Chew EY, Hoogwerf B, Agrón E, Wu L, Lindley A, et al. Early Treatment Diabetic Retinopathy Study Research Group. Risk factors for renal replacement therapy in the Early Treatment Diabetic Retinopathy Study (ETDRS), Early Treatment Diabetic Retinopathy Study Kidney Int: 2004. Report No: 26.

Thesis: Yılmaz B. Ankara Üniversitesindeki öğrencilerin beslenme durumları, fiziksel aktiviteleri ve beden kitle indeksleri kan lipidleri arasındaki ilişkiler. H.Ü. Sağlık Bilimleri Enstitüsü, Doktora Tezi. 2007.

Manuscripts Accepted for Publication, Not Published Yet: Slots J. The microflora of black stain on human primary teeth. Scand J Dent Res. 1974.

E-pub Ahead of Print Articles: Cai L, Yeh BM, Westphalen AC, Roberts JP, Wang ZJ. Adult living donor liver imaging. Diagn Interv Radiol. 2016 Feb 24. doi: 10.5152/dir.2016.15323. [Epub ahead of print].

Manuscripts Published in Electronic Format: Morse SS. Factors in the emergence of infectious diseases. Emerg Infect Dis (serial online) 1995 Jan-Mar (cited 1996 June 5): 1(1): (24 screens). Available from: URL: https://www.cdc.gov/ncidodlElD/cid.html.

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Instructions to Authors

CONTACT

Editor in Chief: Taner Kemal Erdağ

Address: Çobançeşme Sanayi Cad. No:11 Nish İstanbul A Blok D: 8

Yenibosna, İstanbul, Türkiye

Phone: +90 212 234 44 81 Fax: +90 212 234 44 83

 $\hbox{$E$-mail: in fo @turk archotolaryngol.net}\\$

Publisher: Galenos

Address: Molla Gürani Mah. Kaçamak Sok. 21/1 Fındıkzade, Fatih,

Istanbul, Türkiye

Phone: +90 212 621 99 27
Fax: +90 212 217 22 92

E-mail: info@galenos.com.tr

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